

Development Report

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Project



Founded on the highly respected Facet5 model of Personality¹, SpotLight can light the path to self-awareness.

What is SpotLight?

Self-awareness is pivotal to individual development. Trainers and Coaches may differ in when and how they deliver this but few deny its value and relevance.

Self-development starts with a good understanding of your personal style and the attitudes, values and beliefs that drive it. This, together with an appreciation of how you might be seen by others, and a language for describing differences in behaviour, lend background, perspective and a framework to any developmental exercise.

The SpotLight Development Matrix

The SpotLight Development Matrix provides individuals with their personality related Strengths, Risks, Frustrations and Challenges. SpotLight provides immediate, personal feedback and also delivers a simple, practical process for creating tailored development goals and plans.

Spotlight should be seen as a starting point for building development plans. It highlights potential strengths and development issues. It should be viewed in the light of other relevant information such as the requirements of your current role or future aspirations within your organisation.

What does the SpotLight Report show?

Strengths

Strengths are things you do well. They require little effort, come naturally to you and will be seen by others.

Risks

A Risk appears when you take your Strength to extremes. Then it works against you. It can become a weakness.

Frustrations

Frustrations arise when others are different from you. They work differently and that causes tension.

Challenges

Your Challenges are potential development goals related to your Risks and Frustrations

To help you understand how these impact you at work we have grouped them into five Domains as follows:

Making decisions and setting goals

Do you decide quickly or take time to think?

Do you argue strongly or try to placate others?

Do you decide independently or see what others think?



Engaging with and consulting others

Are you openly enthusiastic or more reserved? Do you socialize easily or prefer privacy?

Do you discuss broadly or prefer private research?



Focusing on people and tasks

Do you focus on the task or look at the big picture?

Do you make allowances for others or expect them to look after themselves?

Do you trust what you are told or do you look for proof?



Managing your work and commitments

Do you prefer to be structured and to plan ahead or do you prefer to remain flexible? Are you careful and prudent or prefer to keep a light and responsive touch?



Responding to stress and identifying risk

How do you respond to stress and identify risk?

Is it normal for you to feel anxious about things or are you generally relaxed? Do you always see the bright side or do you continually check for obstacles?



Making decisions and setting goals

	Strengths	Risks	Frustrations	Challenges
	You	You may be seen as	You may be frustrated by	Your challenge could be to
00	have strong opinions and are assertive, determined and goal focussed	too quick to impose your views and being stubborn	people who you think procrastinate, lack focus or appear indecisive	consult, listen and give people time to explain. Don't commit too quickly
00	have strong views, enjoy a challenge and defend your views	argumentative and contentious. Not willing to listen and taking a combative tone	people who avoid issues, who won't say what they think or who seem to give in	choose your 'battles' carefully. Fix on important things and prepare to concede
00	are self reliant and independent. You do not need support	autocratic and not a team player	people who insist on consensus and agreement. Being forced to concede	consult more and consider others before going your own way. Be willing to bend



Engaging with and consulting others

	Strengths	Risks	Frustrations	Challenges
	You	You may be seen as	You may be frustrated by	Your challenge could be to
	will appreciate and respond to enthusiasm in others without getting carried away	unwilling to get involved in or excited by the ideas put forward by others	people who are either uninterested or are overly enthusiastic and impulsive	see when you should reflect more or when you could take more initiative and start things
	are effective in small groups but can work alone if required	reserved and difficult to draw out when meeting people for the first time	not having enough time to yourself. Being forced into social situations	practice ways of opening or controlling conversations with new people
	can develop ideas independently but will also value input from the outside world		people who are either too quick to change their views or too insular and detached	encourage people to share and discuss. Push to make sure all alternatives are covered



Statements in bold and italics show where you are most likely to differ from other people.

Statements in bold show where you differ slightly from other people. $\label{eq:continuous}$



SpotLight Development Matrix Sigmund Freud



Focusing on people and tasks

	Strengths	Risks	Frustrations	Challenges
	You	You may be seen as	You may be frustrated by	Your challenge could be to
	detect opportunities and protect your own and your organisation's interests	opportunistic, short term and self serving which may challenge relationships	people who lack commercial sense and are naïve	think longer term and accept that some issues are not simple. Consider other's interests
00	are supportive and helpful to those who you think have earned it	demanding, critical of others and unforgiving. Favouring people who are like you	people who make excuses for poor performance or don't take responsibility	try to be less harsh in your judgment of others and careful to avoid favouritism
00	challenge people's motives in the interest of achieving the best business results	suspicious, harsh and cynical. Failing to give people the benefit of the doubt	people who accept things at face value and don't probe deeper	check your judgment. Cynicism may demotivate others unless truly warranted



Managing your work and commitments

	Strengths	Risks	Frustrations	Challenges
	You	You may be seen as	You may be frustrated by	Your challenge could be to
	adjust easily to changing demands and are flexible in your work practices	casual in your approach and inattentive to detail. Always challenging the status quo	those who insist on frequent detailed updates and rigid plans	don't underestimate the complexity of a task. Prioritise your time and communicate progress
	accept responsibility when offered but do not always need to take over a situation	reasonable in your expectations of others, but may seem unimaginative in your approach	people who take their work too seriously and those who are disorganised and unreliable	find ways to leverage the talents of both the radical and conservative elements within a team

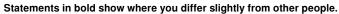


Responding to stress and identifying risk

	Strengths	Risks	Frustrations	Challenges
	You	You may be seen as	You may be frustrated by	Your challenge could be to
00	remain calm and rarely feel anxious or worried. Unaffected by stress	complacent and self-satisfied. Unaffected by issues around you	people who make a drama out of everything. Who seem to overreact	learn to acknowledge anxiety in others, and to reassure, even if you believe that it is unwarranted
	are comfortable with who you are and realistic about what to expect of yourself and others	not always responding to pressure as others would wish	people who never learn and ignore warning signs or are overly negative and uncertain	explain the logic behind your reactions. This could be helpful to those with a tendency to over or under react



Statements in bold and italics show where you are most likely to differ from other people.



Statements in regular font show where you are similar to other people.

For SpotLight to be useful it must provide information that you understand and can relate too. This section of your report provides a process for exploring your Matrix and formulating a development plan that is meaningful to you.

About the Development Planner

Step 1 is designed to make you really think about behaviours that are working well for you and those that are proving less effective.

Step 2 helps you create your first development goal.

Step 3 has you producing a detailed action plan.

You will find a fully Worked Example attached and a blank Development Form for use later in the exercise.

Two heads are better than one

You may choose to complete the process alone but working with a partner has a number of advantages as they:

- · act as a sounding board;
- help you think things through by offering another point of view and challenging your attitudes and assumptions;
- can open up opportunities or solutions that you had not thought of.

There is a strong case for forming development partnerships with people from within your organisation. They have an insider's knowledge of the workplace culture, operating standards, practices and accountabilities and an appreciation of constraints;

Partnerships where both parties are working on their development can also work well. In this case you will take it in turns to act as 'coach' for each other.

Objective

To determine which Strengths present a development challenge for you.

There are **three** types of Challenges that could be associated with any of your Strengths:

• The Challenge statements in your Matrix relate to a Strength you **overplay** and is now a Risk.

Review and reflection may reveal two additional types of challenges:

- A Challenge related to a Strength that you underplay

 this could be something you have not previously
 recognised, have undervalued or have had little
 opportunity to apply
- A Challenge related to a Strength you **overplay** in response to a Frustration.

Guidelines

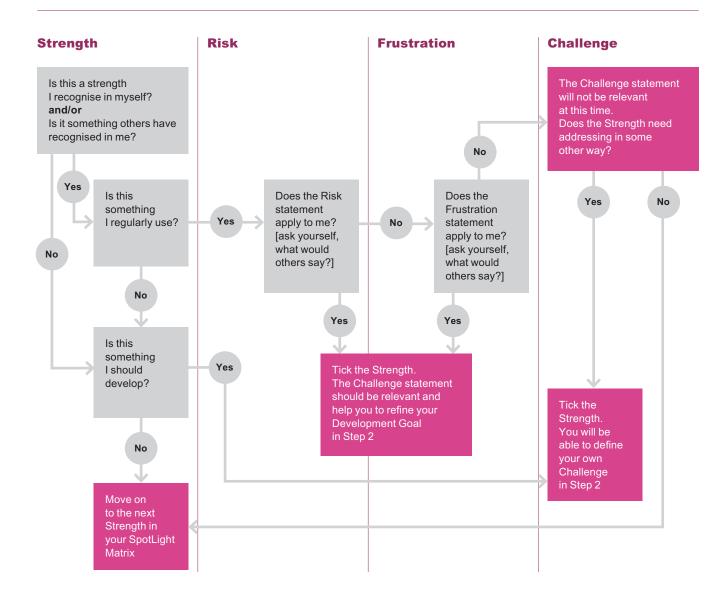
- Review all of the statements in your SpotLight Report. SpotLight uses shading to show where your approach is most likely to differ from the average person. We suggest that you pay particular attention to these but the decision about what to prioritise should be based on your own analysis and judgement.
- Think about your results in relation to your behaviour, performance and the quality of your relationships at work. Do the statements reflect your understanding of yourself, your experience or any feedback you might have received?
- Be honest with yourself. This is a time for reflection.
 Avoid the temptation to dismiss anything that you do not like or would rather not acknowledge.

Process

Work through each of the five Domains in turn.

Review the associated Strengths, Risks, Frustrations and Challenges using the chart below.

Decide which strengths contain *any* kind of development challenge for you and identify them by ticking the boxes provided in your report.



Objective

The aim of a Development Goal is to define the change in behaviour that you want to make to address your Challenges.

Guidelines

We recommend that you select one Challenge to work on at any one time.

Process

Of the Strengths you have ticked, decide which, if developed or managed, would make the most significant difference to your effectiveness at work.

Using the blank **Development Form** provided, record the Strength you have selected.

Answering the questions below will then help you to:

- · describe what is happening now;
- · describe the nature of the Challenge;
- create the Development Goal to describe what you
 want to achieve. These usually include the words
 'I will' and should be stated in the positive (see
 Examples below).

Questions

- · Why is this strength important for you to address?
- · What is happening now?
- How will it help you in your role?
- What are the consequences of not working on it – for you and for those you work with?
- · So what would you like to achieve?

Examples

Strength	Challenge	Development Goal
I hold strong views about most things and am able to explain them well	To develop the strength To develop the ability to express my views when dealing with more senior people	I will express my views when I believe it could improve outcomes
I plan and implement procedures to drive and monitor performance	To avoid the risk To moderate my use of this strength to allow for new approaches that could improve performance	When faced with a task I will consider new, more innovative ways to approach it
I am patient and tolerant	To manage the frustration To develop effective ways of dealing with argumentative people	I will be more assertive with argumentative people about issues that are important to my team or me

Guidelines

Work through the following questions and record your findings in the relevant section of your Development Form.

Process

New behaviours I will use to achieve this goal

- What do you need to do differently in terms of behaviour?
- What would your wisest friend/colleague advise you to do?
- What do you see others do in similar circumstances that make them successful?
- · What do they do that you can emulate?
- What kind of attitude would it be useful for you to develop to support this new behaviour?

Committing to building new habits

- What opportunities are there to try these new behaviours?
- · When will you do this by?
- What support do you need and from whom?
- What could get in the way of you progressing your goal?
- · How will you overcome this?
- · How will you know you have succeeded?

Development Form Worked Example

Name		Date	Coach		
Strength	The Challenge	o.		Development goal	
I hold strong views about most things and am able to explain them well.	To develop the To develop the Todevelop the	ne strength. ne ability to express my views when dealing with people.	aling with	I will express my views when I believe it could improve outcomes.	ieve it could improve outcomes.
1 What is happening now?					
I lack the confidence to voice my views when they differ from those of more senior colleagues. I respect their experience and position and their ability to make quick decisions. I know that I have a much better solution to our Production Line Maintenance problem than is currently being proposed but I am unsure how well it will be received. Our senior management is very traditional and hierarchical and new ideas are not always welcome. Introducing new ideas is important for the future of our organisation and I would be letting myself and others down if I do not grasp this opportunity to challenge current thinking.	liffer from those of more senior collity to make quick decisions. duction Line Maintenance probler archical and new ideas are not alvour organisation and I would be le	illeagues. n than is currently being proposed buways welcome.	rt I am unsure ho	w well it will be received. ortunity to challenge current thinkin	. Bi
2 New behaviours I will use to achieve my goal					
Ask for support and advice. Do the research to add credibility to my ideas. Develop my writing and presentation skills. Adopt the attitude 'nothing ventured, nothing gained' and 'it is better to have failed than never to have tried'.	d' and 'it is better to have failed th	an never to have tried'.			
3 Committing to building new habits					
Actions I will take	What could get in the way?	Support required	By whom	Timeframe	Measure
Test out my idea with Bill and Rosie in my team. Ask them for their advice.	No time/opportunity/privacy during working hours.	Interest and availability.	Bill and Rosie.	End of next week. Lunch on Tuesday or after work drink.	Bill and Rosie support my idea.
Research and find additional evidence to support my idea.	Time constraints – I am very busy at work and I need to act quickly.	Free time this weekend and evenings next week.	My Partner.	End of next week.	A well written and argued proposal to present to my manager.
Ask for a meeting with my Manager to present my proposal. Elicit her support and ask for advice on the best approach to take.	Lack of time to add this on to our usual two weekly agenda. The confidence to ask for an additional meeting.	Availability of my manger for an additional meeting.	My Manager.	In the next two weeks.	Having my proposal added to the agenda for the next project meeting with senior management.

Development Form

Name			Date	Coach		
Strength		The Challenge			Development goal	
1 What is happening now?						
2 New behaviours I will use to achieve my goal						
3 Committing to building new habits						
Actions I will take	What could get in the way?	in the way?	Support required	By whom	Timeframe	Measure

Notes